DeBary Hall Historic Site 1871

History is alive here at DeBary Hall Historic Site.

The site is listed on the National Registry of Historic Places and is the oldest intact building in southwest Volusia county.





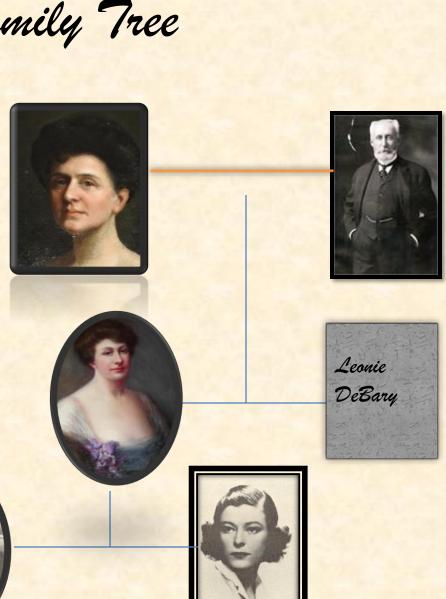


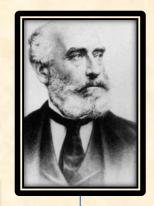
Built in 1871, DeBary Hall was the winter retreat of a European-born champagne importer who chose the St. Johns River country for his hunting estate. Frederick deBary tried his hand at orange growing and commercial steamboating, but his Florida estate became a center of sport hunting and hospitality.

In the late 1800s and early 1900s, some of the countries wealthiest people visited DeBary Hall to spend the winters hunting, fishing, and swimming in the nearby spring. DeBary reportedly entertained Presidents Ulysses S. Grant and Grover Cleveland: the Astors, Goulds, and Vanderbilts; William Tecumseh Sherman and the Prince of Wales, who went on to become King Edward VII.



deBary Family Tree











Current DeBary Hall

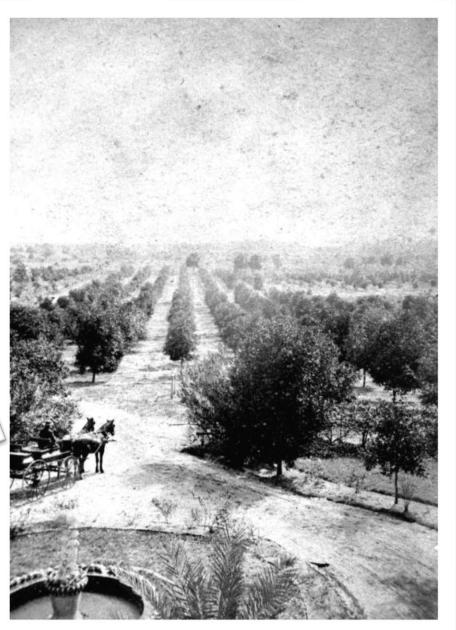


Today's historic site covers 10 acres and includes the 8,000-square-foot hunting lodge, stables, a tenant house, and a care-takers cottage.



December 1894, February 1895





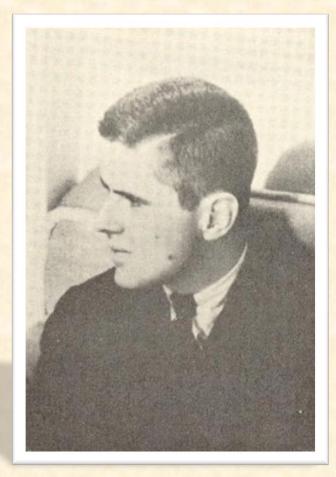




Interesting facts about the hall:

- ❖ Built in 1871
- Built in the Southern Colonial style.
- The house if made of cypress and the floors are made of heart of pine.
- ❖ It is 8,000 sq. ft.
- ❖ There are 10 rooms and 10 bedrooms.
- There are 64 windows and 56 doors.
- ❖ The home has 15 fireplaces and 4 chimneys.
- Carbide gas lines were run through the for lighting.
- Ceilings are 12'7 downstairs and 11'6 upstairs.
- ❖ There are 24 steps in the stairway in the main hall.
- ❖ The property includes an ice house.
- ❖ It was built with and elevator and lightening rod system.
- The home has an Annunciator Box system with buzzers located in every room.

The Last American Heir Leonnie de Bary-Brewster



Adolf Lyon-Killed by a car at age 24



Leonnie Lyon-Brewster killed in plane crash at age 31

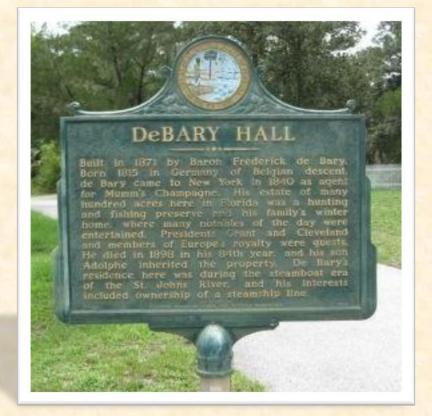




In 1947 the property and land owned by Fredrick DeBary was sold to a developer and became the clubhouse for "Plantation Estates", a small home community.







DeBary Hall eventually passed to the seniors in the community and at 70 years old was in disrepair. The new owners were in search of an owner who could restore the Hall. In 1959, the Florida Federation of Art purchased the hall, the surrounding buildings, the tennis court, the pool, and a 5 acre portion of the area for the total sum of \$1.00.



The State of Florida purchased DeBary Hall in 1967 and began leasing it to the Federation of the Arts and that is when the site acquired the bronze plaque in the front lawn. Within time, the Federation moved their headquarters and once again the Hall was abandoned.

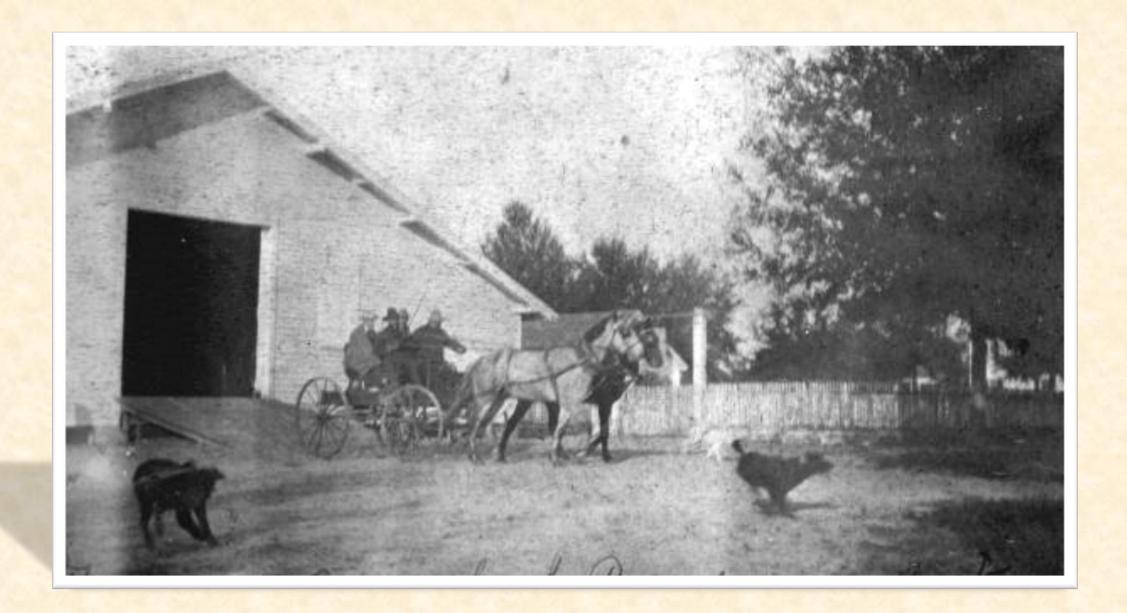


In the 1990s, as a result of the efforts of so many in the community a massive restoration project began and the County of Volusia began leasing the property from the State of Florida and it became a historic house museum.



The estate's equipment shed, 1930s. DeBary Hall Historic Site Collection.









The tenant (or workers') house, 1942. DeBary Hall Historic Site Collection.



Open to the public for tours



- Open 10 a.m. to 4 p.m. Tuesday Saturday and Sunday from 12 p.m. to 4 p.m.
- Adults: \$5.00, Seniors: \$4.00,
 and children ages 3-12: \$2.00